

VLBI-derived Earth Orientation Parameters generated at ESOC

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07/06/2018

Overview

- Motivation
- Current status of VLBI implementation in NAPEOS
- Validation concept
- First VLBI analysis results
- Conclusions
- Next steps

ESOC's Navigation Support Office has enhanced its processing capabilities for VLBI tracking data to

- complete ESOC's capabilities in generating independent Earth Orientation Parameters (EOPs)
- contribute to the IVS service as an analysis centre
- enhance ESOC's contribution to the IERS service with UT1-UTC and nutation products
- enable NAPEOS to combine all space-geodetic techniques at the observation level

Current implementation status allows estimation of EOPs

→ next slides will show first results

Status of VLBI implementation in NAPEOS



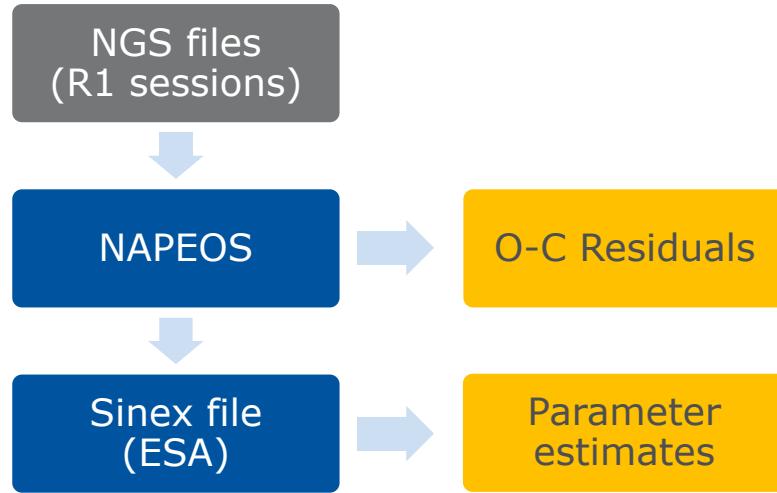
- Observation model fully implemented
- Data analysis based on NGS card files
 - Cable delay from NGS files used
 - Formal errors from NGS files used for observation weighting
 - Meteo data from NGS file used for modeling tropospheric dry zenith delay
- Partial derivatives for parameter estimation implemented

Status of VLBI implementation in NAPEOS

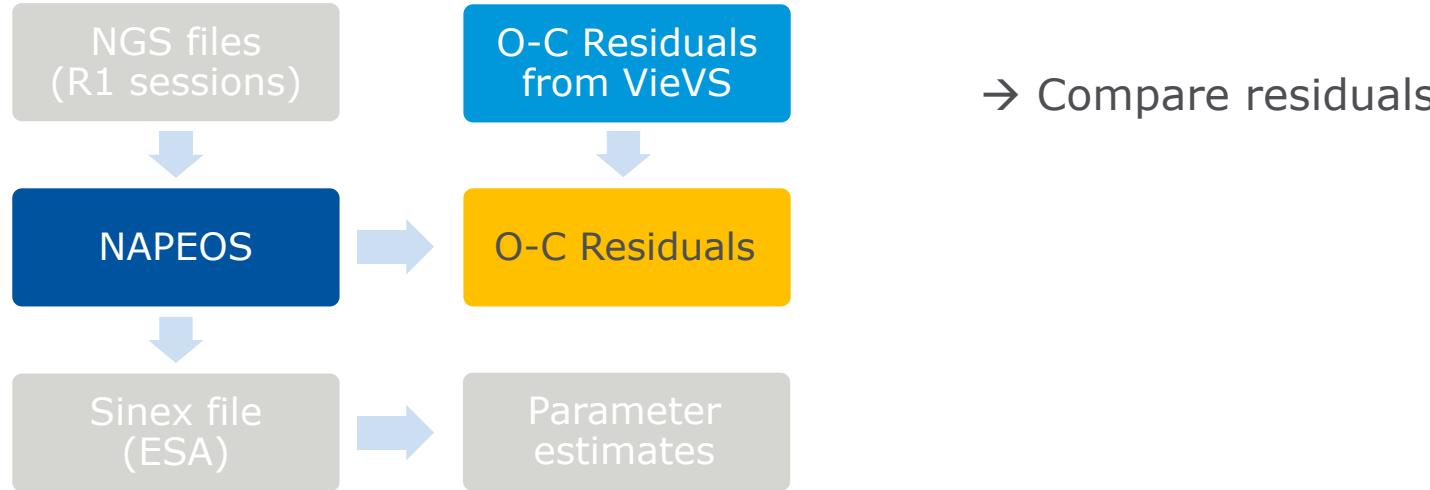


	Parameter estimation enabled	Parameterization	Interval	Constraints
EOP	Polar motion + rates	✓ offset + drift	24 h	45 mas
	dUT1	✓ constant	24 h	3 ms
	LOD	✓ constant	24 h	3 ms/d
	Nutation offsets	✗		
Source coordinates				
Station coordinates				
Station clocks				
Tropo	Wet zenith delays	✓ piece-wise linear offset	30 min	1 m
	Gradients	✓ constant	24 h	1 m

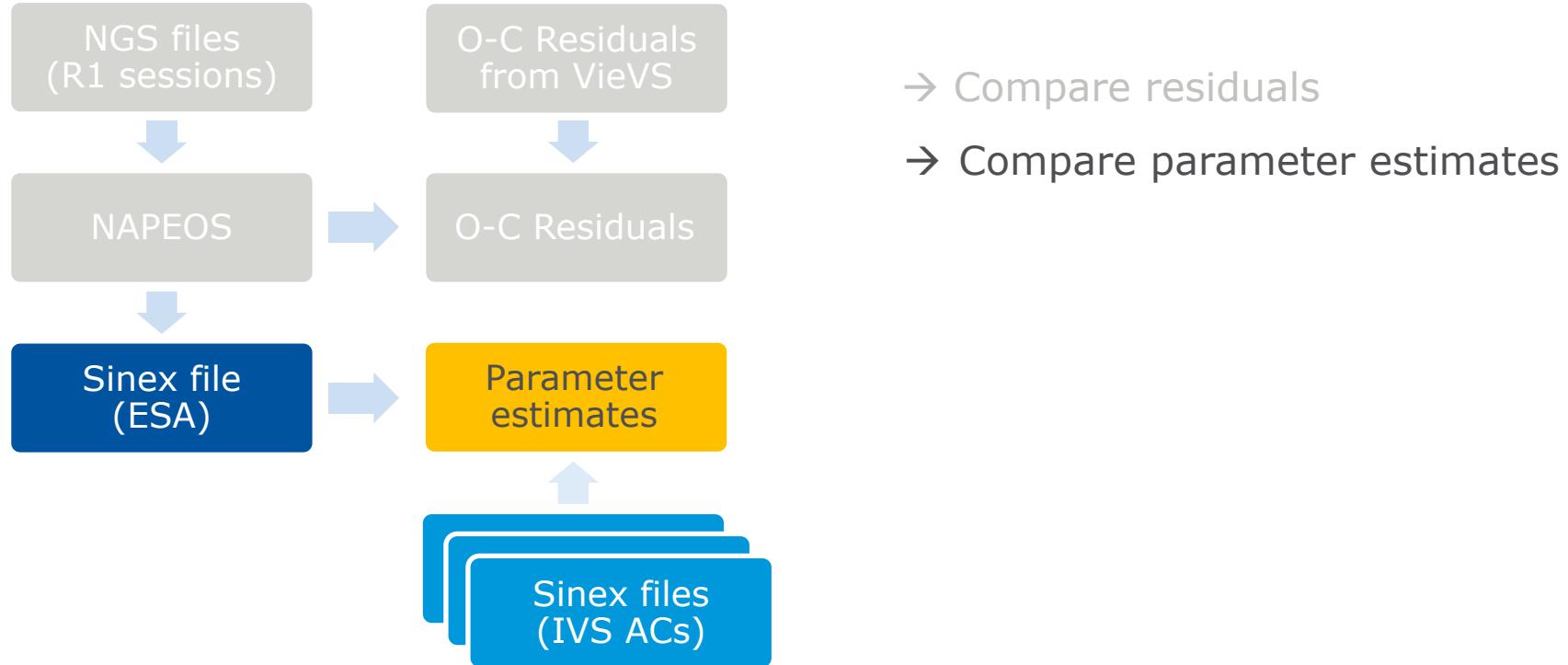
How to validate VLBI processing of NAPEOS?



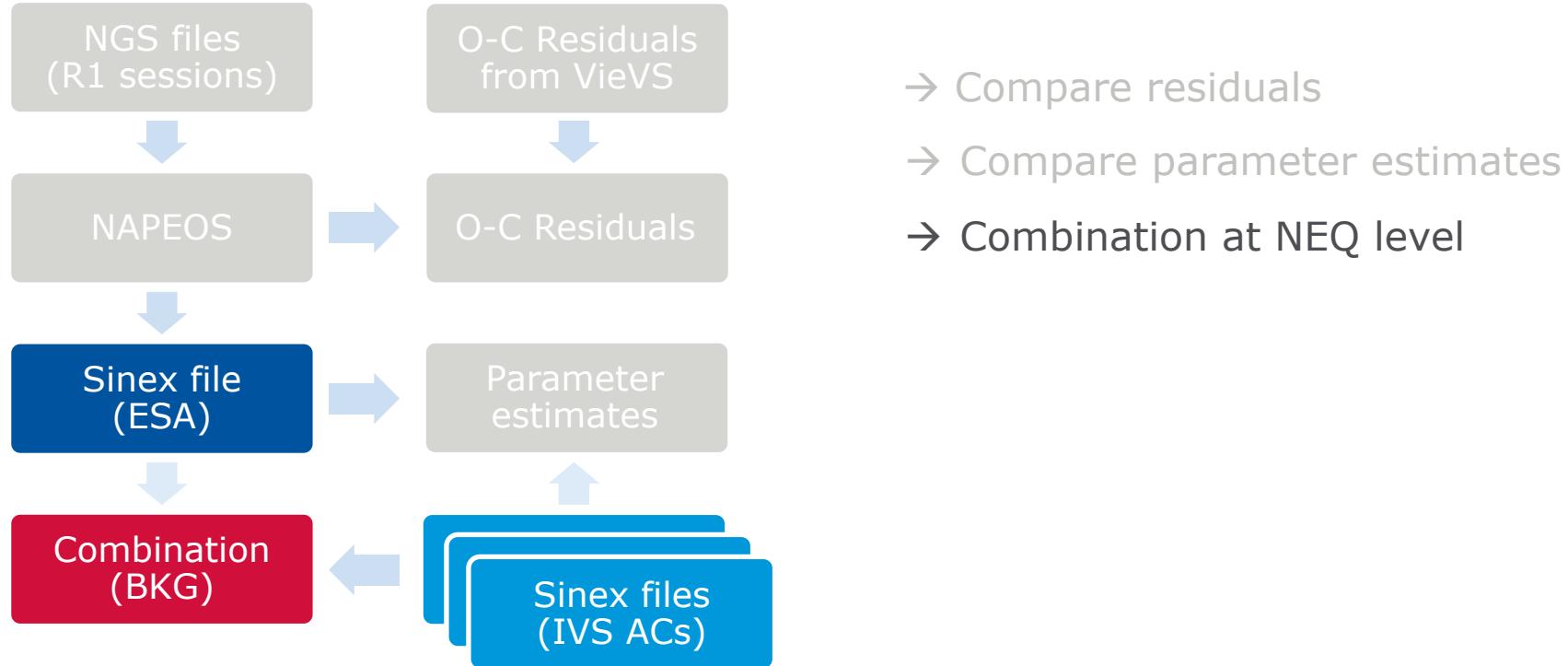
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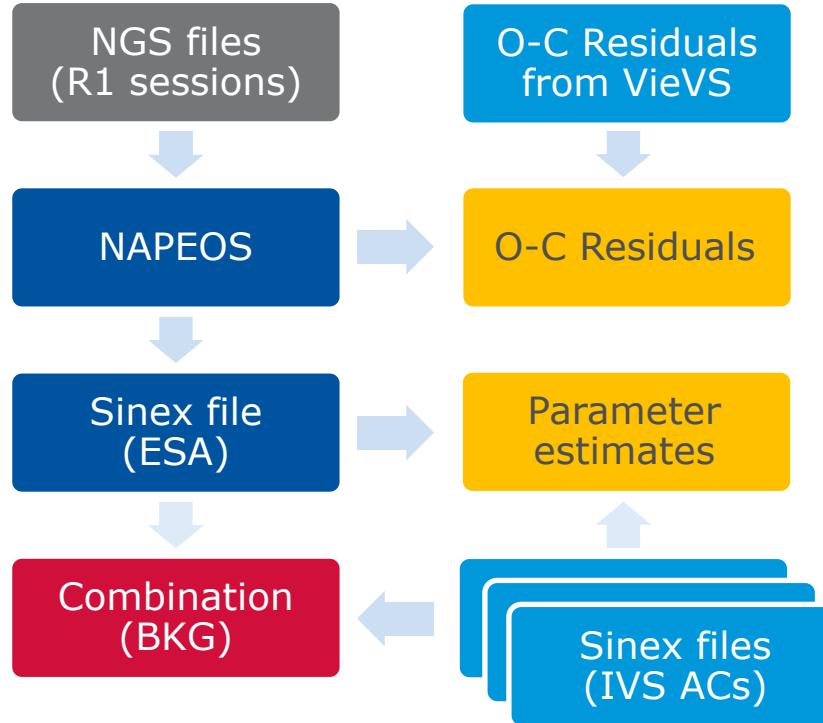
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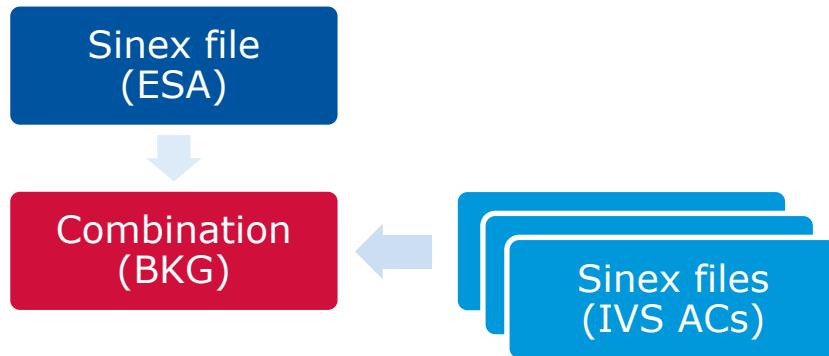
How to validate VLBI processing of NAPEOS?



- Compare residuals
- Compare parameter estimates
- Combination at NEQ level

To validate

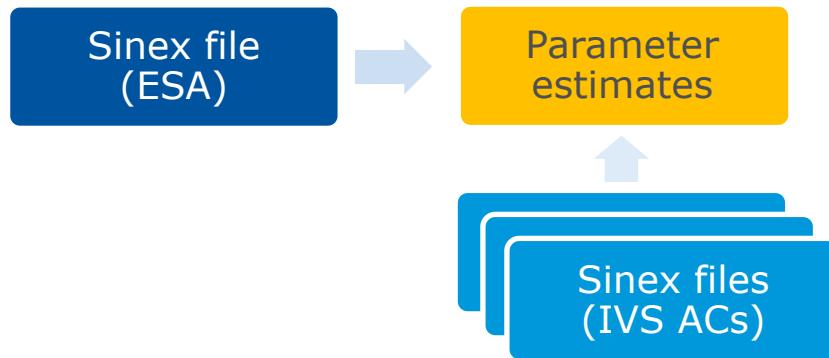
- Observation model
- Partial derivatives
- Parameterization
- Constraints



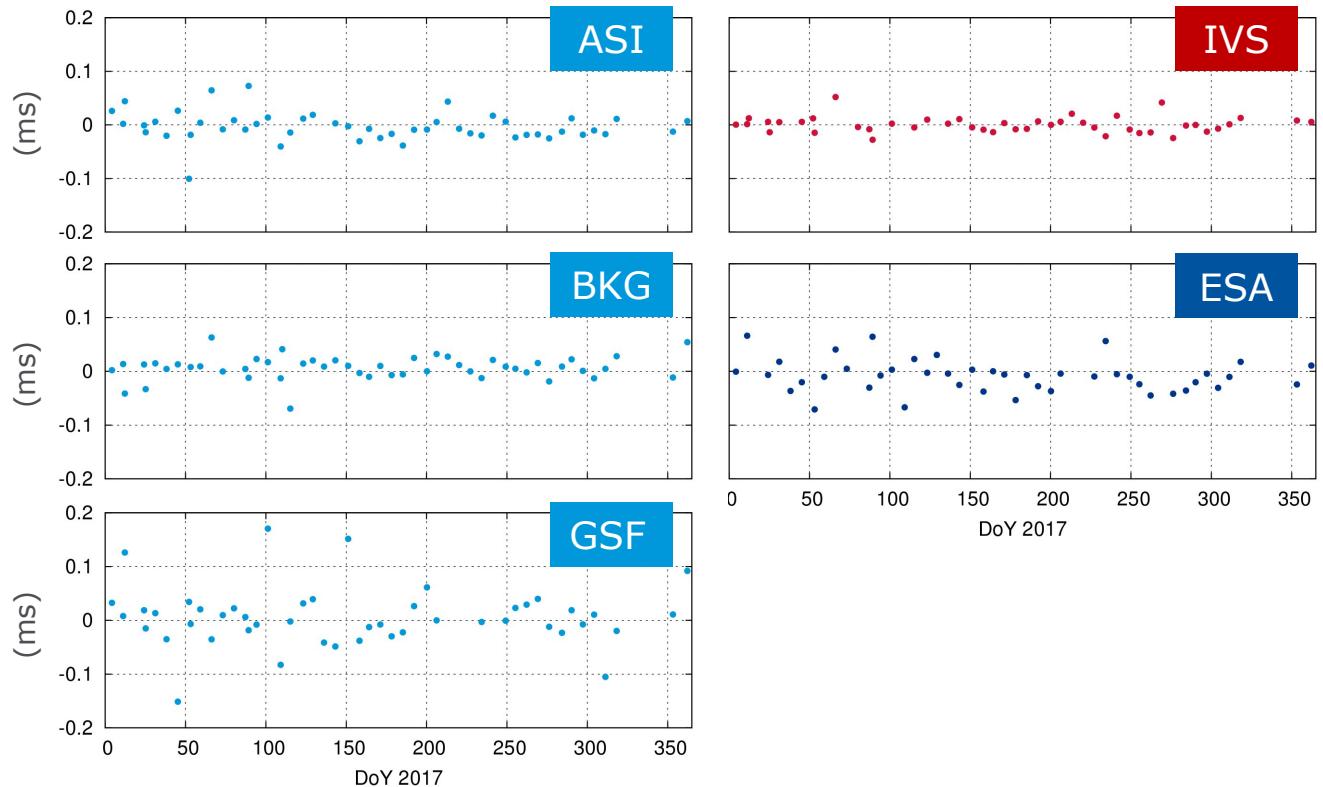
→ Combination at NEQ level

- Sinex format ok (datum-free) 😎
- Combination only for some sessions possible 😕
- Several sessions could not be combined due to outliers in coordinate estimates 😞

- Compare parameter estimates
- Combination at NEQ level



Estimated parameters ... dUT1 (w.r.t. C04)



RMS (ms)

0.015 IVS

0.023 ASI

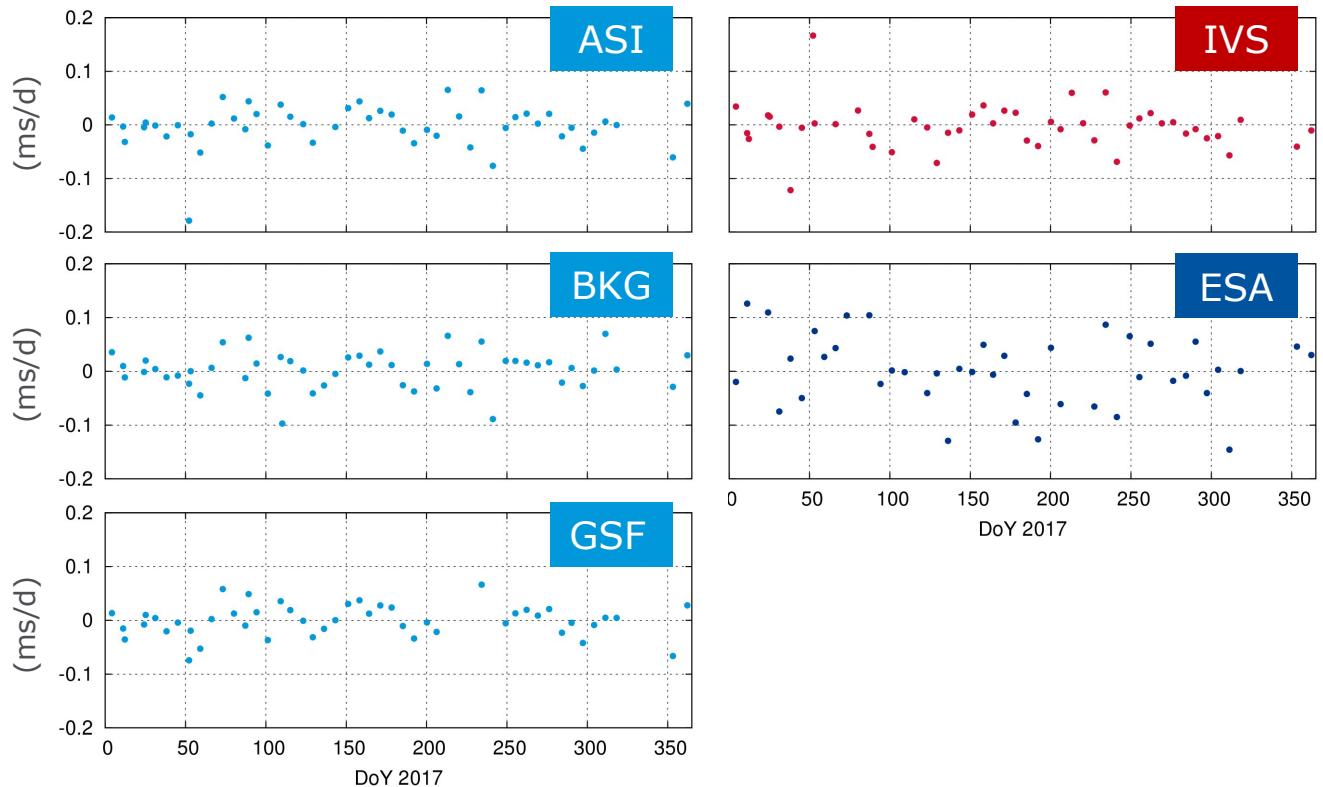
0.022 BKG

0.032 GSF

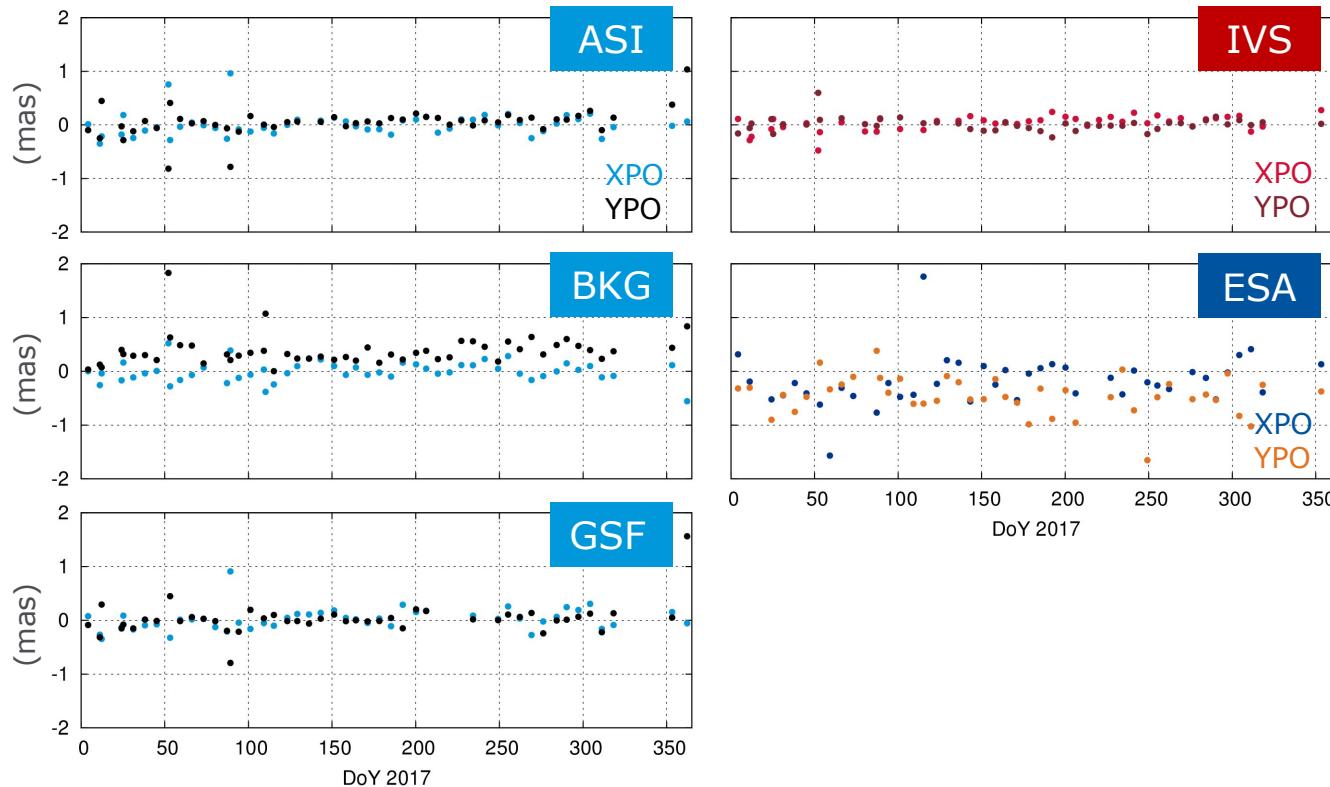
0.030 ESA



Estimated parameters ... LOD (w.r.t. C04)



Estimated parameters ... Polar motion (w.r.t. C04)

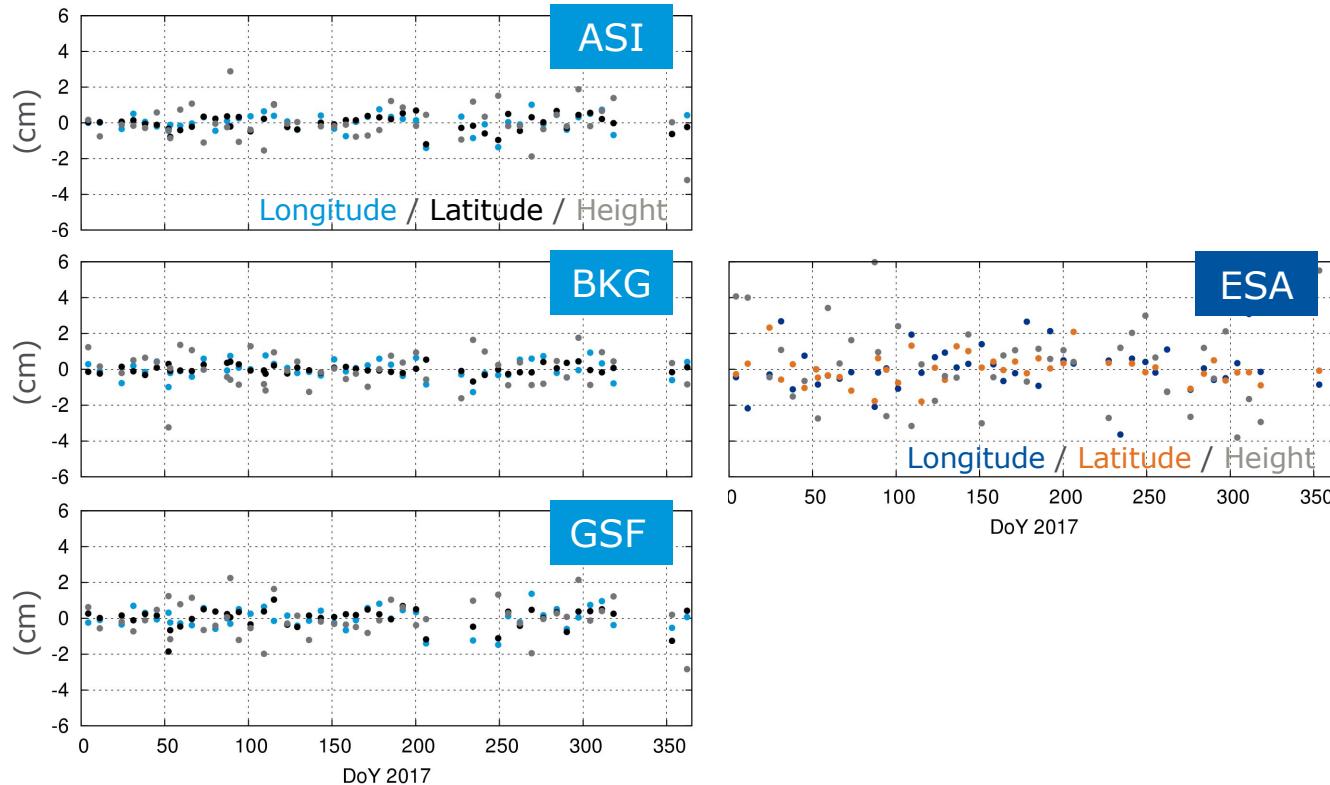


RMS (mas)

0.146	IVS
0.129	
0.225	ASI
0.262	
0.185	BKG
0.283	
0.207	GSF
0.295	
0.647	ESA
0.458	



Estimated parameters ... Station coordinates WETTZELL



RMS (cm)

0.5 / 0.4 / 1.0

ASI

0.5 / 0.2 / 0.8

BKG

0.6 / 0.6 / 1.0

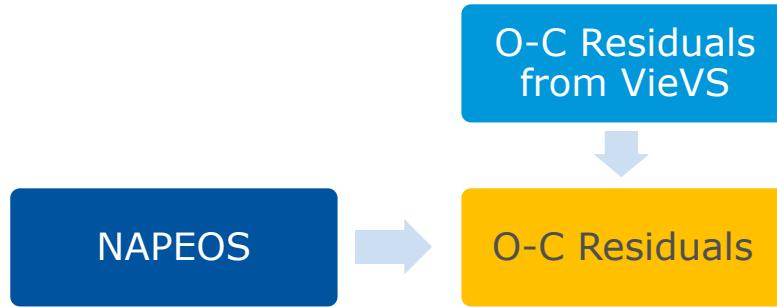
GSF



1.3 / 0.9 / 2.3

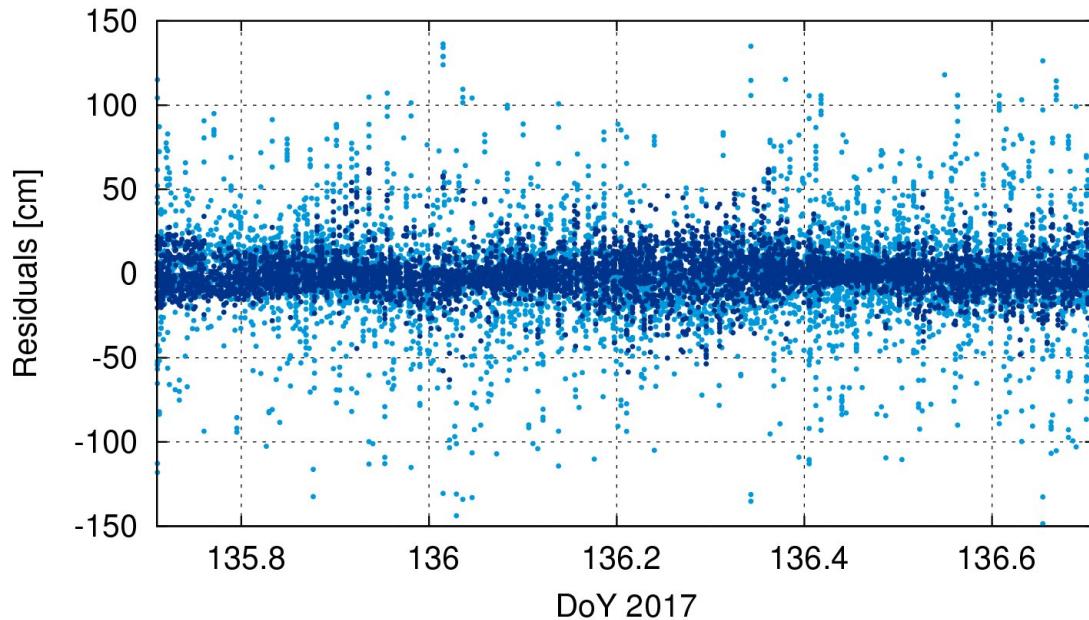
ESA

Validation results ... O-C Residuals



- Compare residuals
- Compare parameter estimates
- Combination at NEQ level
- **Before** parameter estimation
 - to validate observation model
- **After** parameter estimation
 - to validate parameterization, constraints, partial derivatives

O-C Residuals ... before parameter estimation



RMS (cm)

28.4

VieVS

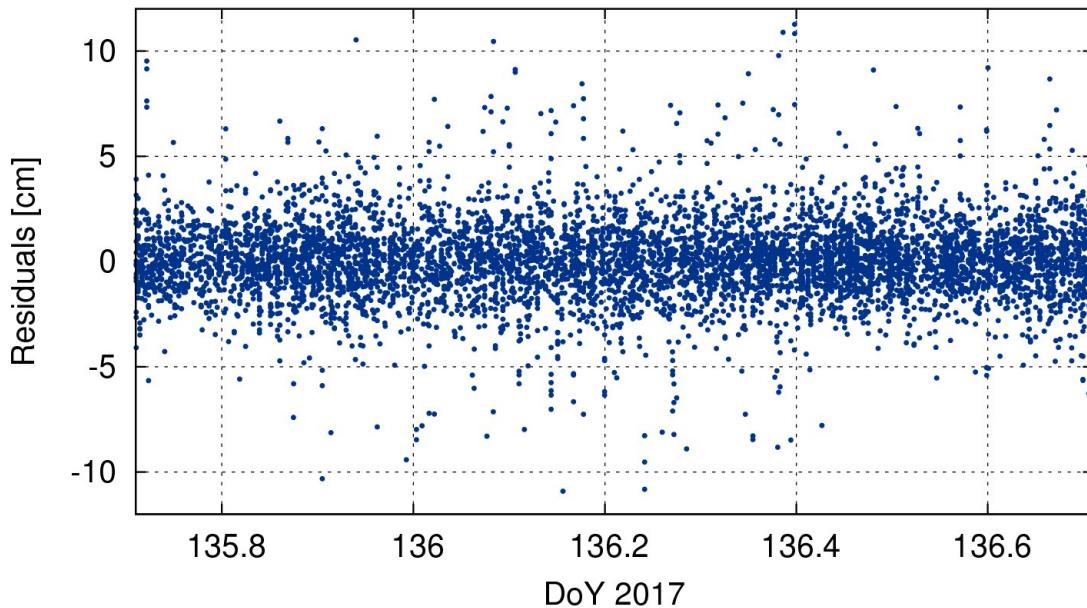


11.7

ESA

→ observation model ok

O-C Residuals ... after parameter estimation

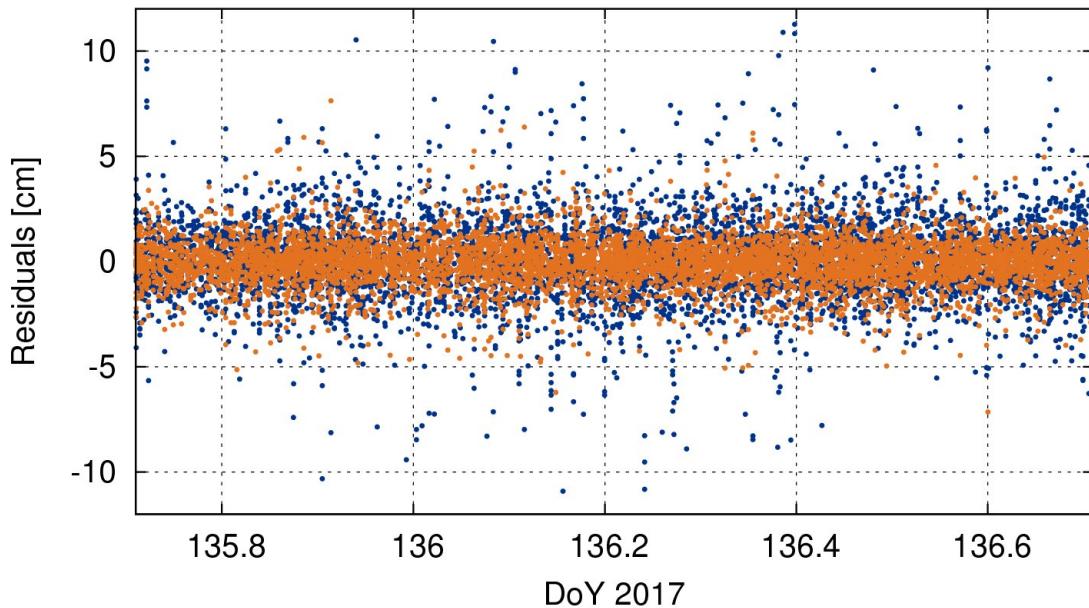


RMS (cm)

1.5

ESA

O-C Residuals ... after parameter estimation



RMS (cm)



1.5

ESA

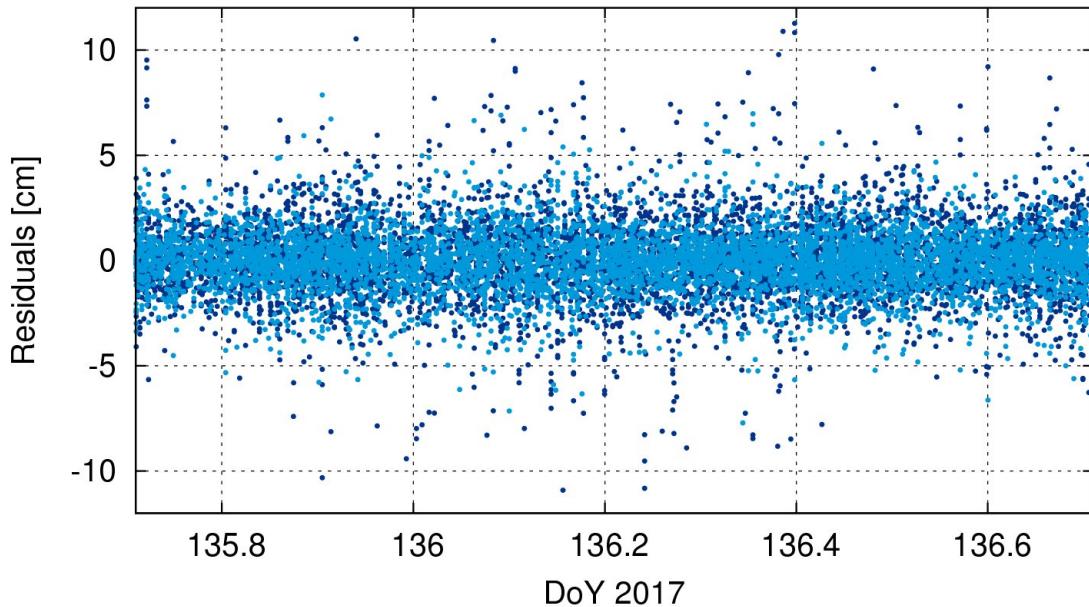
1.1

VieVS

→ different parameterizat.

→ different constraints

O-C Residuals ... after parameter estimation



RMS (cm)



1.5

ESA

1.4

VieVS (ESA par.)

→ similar parameterization
→ similar constraints

😎 ESOC's Navigation Support Office has continued its efforts towards VLBI data analysis

- First parameter estimates based on VLBI observations could be generated
- Comparison of O-C residuals with VieVS proves implementation of observation model is ok
- ESA residuals are at 1.5 cm level (> 1 cm level of standard IVS solutions, but can be explained by parameterization differences)

🙁 First attempt to combine ESA Sinex files at the IVS combination centre worked for some session, but not for all due to outliers in coordinate estimates

- Comparison of estimated parameters with other IVS ACs shows degraded repeatability for ESA solution

→ points to problem in partials?

- Continue discussing combination results with BKG
- Continue comparing parameter estimation on session-level with TU Vienna
- Check implementation of partials in NAPEOS

- We would like to consult with the IVS analysis groups to understand current issues in parameter estimation, and to avoid "the obvious", as e.g.
 - Do not use baseline WETTZELL-WETTZ13N
 - Read sign for quasar declination separately [-00 01 50.4137]

THANK YOU!



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